

SAT Solvers and Search-Based Client Applications

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Combinatorial
Interaction Testing

CIT by Simulated
Annealing

Opportunities in
the SAT Solver

Conclusions

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Highly-Configurable Systems

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Media Player



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Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>		
MPEG		
RAW		

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Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	
MPEG	AUDIO	
RAW	VIDEO	

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Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
MPEG	AUDIO	YES
RAW	VIDEO	NO

Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
MPEG	AUDIO	YES
RAW	VIDEO	NO

Closed-Captioning=YES requires *Format*=VIDEO

Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
MPEG	AUDIO	YES
RAW	VIDEO	NO

Closed-Captioning=YES requires *Format*=VIDEO

(No fault)

Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
MPEG	AUDIO	YES
RAW	VIDEO	NO

Closed-Captioning=YES requires *Format*=VIDEO

(Interaction fault)

Media Player

<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
MPEG	AUDIO	YES
RAW	VIDEO	NO

Closed-Captioning=YES requires *Format=VIDEO*

(Constraint violation)

	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	YES
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO

	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	YES
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO

	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	YES
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO

	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	YES
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO

Constrained Covering Arrays

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(Missing 2 pairs: [MPEG,VIDEO] and [MPEG,YES])

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(Missing 1 pair: [MPEG,YES])

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	MPEG	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	YES
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(Rejected by death penalty)

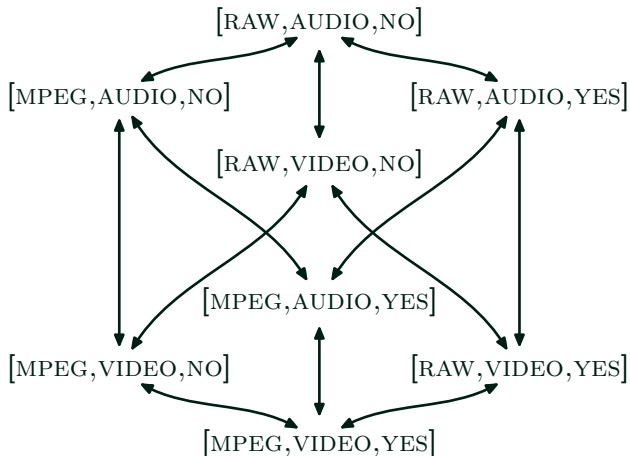
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Element Replacement



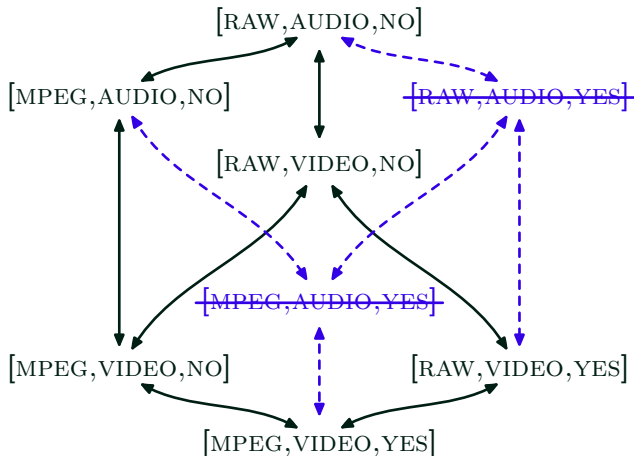
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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(Missing 2 pairs: [MPEG,VIDEO] and [MPEG,YES])

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

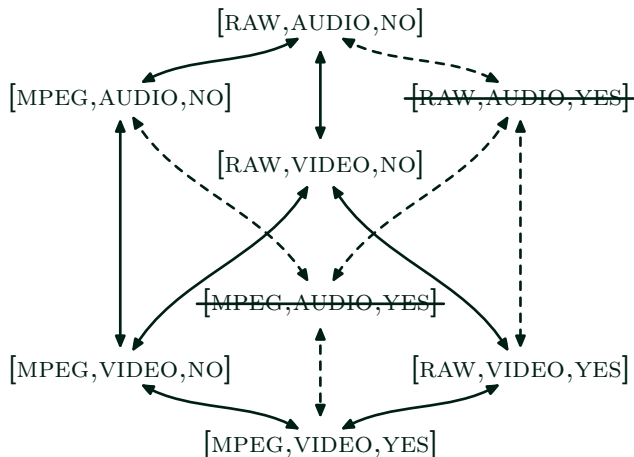
(Missing 0 pairs)

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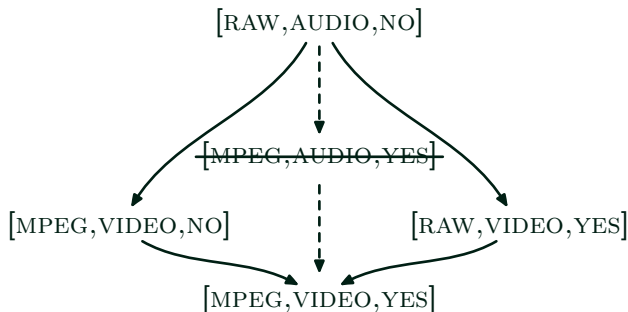


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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(1 unique pair: [RAW,AUDIO])

(Missing 2 pairs: [MPEG,VIDEO] and [MPEG,YES])

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- If we restrict our search to one row, we want to maximize the coverage of unique and missing t -sets.
- In this case we should find a row to satisfy $\text{VIDEO} \vee \neg \text{YES}$ while maximizing the number of true terms in $\{(\text{RAW} \wedge \text{AUDIO}), (\text{MPEG} \wedge \text{VIDEO}), (\text{MPEG} \wedge \text{YES})\}$

	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	RAW	AUDIO	NO
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(1 unique pair: [RAW,AUDIO])

(Missing 2 pairs: [MPEG,VIDEO] and [MPEG,YES])

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	<i>Encoding</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Closed-Captioning</i>
1.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
2.	MPEG	AUDIO	NO
3.	MPEG	VIDEO	YES
4.	RAW	VIDEO	NO
5.	RAW	VIDEO	YES

VIDEO \vee \neg YES

(2 unique pairs: [MPEG,VIDEO] and [MPEG,YES])
(Missing 1 pair: [RAW,AUDIO])

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Using t -set Tracking

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[RAW,AUDIO,NO]



[MPEG,VIDEO,YES]

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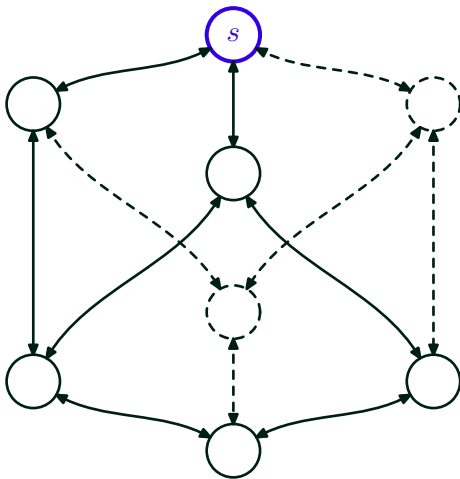
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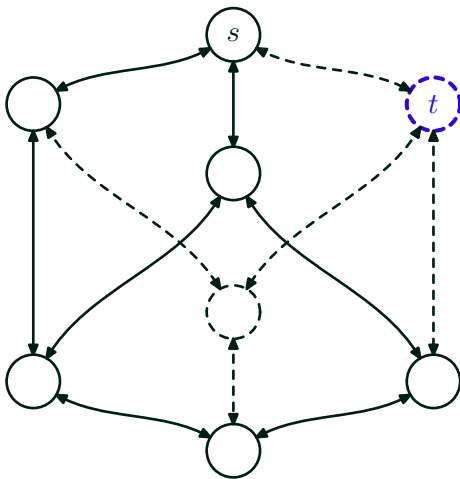
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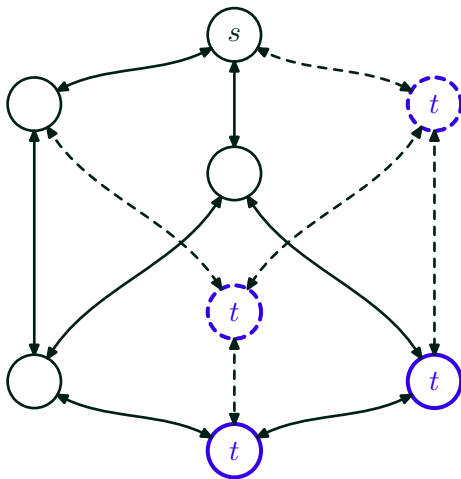
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- Pseudo-Boolean Encoding
- Pure SAT Encoding
- SAT Encoding with an Objective Function

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- In DPLL we can maximize our objective function with very little change to the code:
 - ① Define a variable τ_i for each unique or missing t -set.
 - ② Backtrack whenever the number of τ_i s assigned true cannot exceed a given lower bound.
 - ③ Repeatedly search for a solution, increasing the lower bound until the problem becomes UNSAT.

- There are also performance reasons to change the row as little as possible.
- That isn't accounted for in the candidate solutions.

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- While improving a meta-heuristic constrained CIT sample generator we discovered that almost all of the challenges we faced stemmed from constraints.
- We improved performance using a SAT solver normally.
- But with a simple objective function we could do better.
- The same applies to other constrained searches.

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